

Description

Sanitary Cleansing Apparatus and Process

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] 10/065732, 10/605040

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

[0002] Complex patents: A number of relevant patents have been issued over the years that contain very complex and sophisticated mechanisms and control schemas; which results in a high cost of manufacture. Those patents result in commercial products that demand a premium price from consumers. Thus, its commercial market appeal is limited, particularly, within the US market. Historical low market penetrations substantiate the aforementioned statements. The applicable patents are:

Complex Patents

Patent Number	Inventor	Patent Number	Inventor
6,167,577	Hammad	4,704,748	Takeda et al.
6,105,178	Kurisaki et al.	4,628,548	Kuosawa et al.

5,953,766	Szoke	4,581,779	Matsui et al.
5,953,765	Hayashi et al.	4,553,274	Yui
5,898,956	Kurisaki et al.	4,551,868	Kawai et al.
5,884,345	Sugiyama	4,581,779	Matsui et al.
5,839,129	Lee	4,558,473	Morikawa et al.
5,826,282	Matsumoto et al.	4,553,274	Yui
5,765,238	Furukawa et al.	4,451,942	Hirano et al.
5,369,817	Iguchi	4,551,868	Kawai et al.
5,319,811	Hauri	4,550,454	Yui
5,279,001	Vento	4,406,025	Huck et al.
5,208,922	Machinaga et al.	4,393,525	Kondo
5,206,928	Sporri	4,391,004	Kawai et al.
5,203,037	Kang	4,389,738	Ando et al.
5,050,249	Takeda et al.	4,370,764	Ando et al.
4,987,617	Furukawa et al.	4,340,980	Fushimi et al.
4,980,933	Tsutsui et al.	4,304,016	Oguma et al.
4,841,582	Matsui et al.	3,995,326	Umann
4,829,606	Hirashiba et al.	3,430,267	Van Houten
4,807,311	Ingels	3,247,527	Umann
4,761,837	Takeda	2,875,450	Umann
		2,872,687	Maurer

[0003] Simple mechanical patents: A number of relevant patents

were issued over the years that fundamentally contain simple mechanisms and control schemas, which result in low cost of manufacture. Those patents result in commercial products that demand a low market price from consumers. Due to a variety of reasons, such commercial products, however, have failed to generate widespread market appeal and market penetration within the US market. The applicable patents are:

Simple Mechanical Patents

Patent Number	Inventor	Patent Number	Inventor
6,339,852	Huang	4,242,764	Fukuda
6,192,527	Paul	4,181,985	Rius
6,178,568	Boulieris	4,127,904	Junker
6,105,179	Burns	4,094,018	Bemthin
5,987,660	Wang	4,068,325	Bemthin
5,933,881	Smith	4,014,355	DiMatteo
5,799,341	Rodas	3,914,804	Schrader et al.
5,754,988	Presa	3,810,260	Lodl
5,659,901	Derakhsan	3,570,015	Rosengaus
5,566,402	Agha el-Rifai et al.	3,513,487	Palermo
5,384,919	Smith	3,462,766	Merkel Jr.
5,359,736	Olivier	3,430,268	Zoberg
5,287,566	Azada	3,425,066	Berger
5,272,774	Ivko et al.	3,386,105	Martini

5,271,104	LaTora	3,044,076	Martini
5,263,205	Leunissen	3,015,826	Aranas
5,247,711	Kwon	2,852,782	Sundberg
5,210,885	Ruo	2,722,014	Bonomolo
5,142,711	Parikh	2,600,619	Conterno
5,138,726	Campbell	1,962,014	Guidetti
5,090,067	Cogdill	1,960,839	Campus
5,063,618	Souka	1,874,169	Campus
4,926,509	Bass	1,787,481	Kellogg
4,924,534	Basile	1,752,782	Burton
4,691,391	Kuo	1,521,892	Koppin
4,642,820	Boring Jr.	1,455,905	Cook
4,596,058	Nourbakhsh	1,117,353	Engel
4,360,934	Ishigami et al.	613,616	Adee
4,334,329	Miyanaga		

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

- [0004] The present invention relates generally to toilets and, more specifically, to a toilet sanitary cleansing means whereby the user can wash the genitals and posterior parts of the body after use of the toilet.
- [0005] A primary object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that will overcome the

shortcomings of prior art devices and processes.

- [0006] A further object of the present invention is to provide a sanitary cleansing processes and a sanitary cleansing means that includes a defined projected cleaning space, a defined cleaning fluid, a defined cleaning fluid rate and a defined cleaning fluid temperature.
- [0007] A further object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means which is able to wash at least one of the genitals or posterior portions of a user's body.
- [0008] A further object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that can be easily adapted to virtually all commercially available toilets, in particular, toilets with water supply tanks , toilets with pressurized cold water flush systems, and toilets with access to both cold and hot water sources.
- [0009] A further object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that can be used to clean posterior parts of the body after toilet use without the use of toilet paper, which is a functionality of particular importance for boat toilets and other toilets operating in environmentally sensitive areas where sanitary system cannot handle the processing of toilet paper.

- [0010] A further object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that has a self cleaning, disinfecting and deodorizing function for the nozzle itself.
- [0011] A further object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that can be economically manufactured and is reliable in its operation.
- [0012] A further objective of the present invention is to provide the means of maintaining completely clean and sanitary conditions for all users at all times.
- [0013] Another object of the present invention is to provide a toilet sanitary cleansing means that is simple and easy to use.
- [0014] Upon further study of the specification and appended claims, other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more fully apparent to those skilled in the art to which this invention pertains.
- [0015]

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

- [0016] FIG. 1 is a schematic view of the components depicting the preferred embodiment of this invention;
- [0017] FIG. 2 is a top down view of a toilet bowl depicting the concept of a projected cleaning space in accordance with

this invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0018] This invention overcomes numerous disadvantages and problems found within the prior art. The prior art can be classified into complex and simple devices. While such complex devices are typically very expensive to manufacture and such simple devices are relatively inexpensive to manufacture, there is a general lack of market acceptance for any of those devices which indicates additional problems. None of those devices require a set of process conditions within which to operate them. None require a projected cleaning space 13 within which cleaning of the genitals and posterior parts of the body can take place. None of the devices can be economically installed into all types of toilets, including flush tank and pressurized flush type toilets. None provide a device that operates with a cleaning fluid composed of multiple ingredients other than water. None provide an environmentally friendly paperless toilet for use on boat toilets and other toilets operating in environmentally sensitive areas where sanitary system cannot handle the processing of toilet paper. None define a sanitary cleaning process for the device itself, whereby commercially available disinfectant and deodorizer fluids

16 are an integral part of the cleaning process. The detailed description of the preferred embodiments will address the aforementioned limitations and describe the solutions provided by the invention.

- [0019] The preferred embodiment, shown in Figure 1, is one that uses an external cold water supply 25 and an external housing 26 containing a pump 5, a heater 8, an anti-siphon valve 6, an electrical power source 21, a control wiring 21, and sufficient free volume to hold cleaning fluid. The said external housing 26 can be either foot mounted or wall mounted to fit the special requirements of its users. The external housing 26 embodiment is particularly well suited for high frequency use installations; the cleaning fluid storage volume and its internal components, such as the cleaning fluid pump 5 and the cleaning fluid heater, can be sized to fit virtually all needs from extremely high usage at public facilities to low usage private use facilities. This device can be installed into a boat in an environmentally friendly manner.
- [0020] Said functional operating components located inside said external housing 26 consist of the following: A cleaning fluid pump 5 connected to a cleaning fluid pressure release valve 6, a means to pipe 11 said cleaning fluid to an

externally located cleaning nozzle 7, and an electrical heater 8 that heats said cleaning fluid to a temperature ranging from 25°C to 50°C. Also residing inside said external housing 26 is an electrical power 21 and a control wire connection 9 to said cleaning fluid pump 5 to and said electrical heater 8. A pressure sensitive switch installed under the toilet seat is used to prevent pump activation without the weight of a person sitting on the toilet. Said cleaning fluid pump 5 operates at a cleaning fluid pumping rate of 10 to 50 milliliters per second.

- [0021] The operating duration of said cleaning fluid pump 5 is a)
controlled by the user by means of an on/off switch 10 or
b) set within the apparatus. The fluid rate is set by means
of a mechanical or electrical controller within the said rate
boundaries either set by the user during the use or set as
a constant within the pump itself. The cleaning fluid tem-
perature is set at the heater by controlling the rate of
electrical power consumption or cleaning fluid tempera-
ture using either open loop or closed loop controllers.
- [0022] A fluid pressure release valve 6, residing within the exter-
nal housing 26, evacuates the cleaning fluid resident
within the section from cleaning fluid pump 5 to cleaning
nozzle 7 while providing three important functions. First,

such valve interrupts the siphoning flow of the cleaning fluid after deactivating the cleaning fluid pump 5. Second, such valve provides a low level cleaning function for the contaminated cleaning nozzle 7. Third, such valve prevents cold cleaning fluid from being present at the beginning of next cleaning cycle.

[0023] A means, which pipes 11 cleaning fluid from the cleaning fluid pump 5 to a cleaning nozzle 7 mounted within the confines of a conventional toilet bowl 12, accommodates the cleaning fluid flow rates and cleaning fluid pressures and routes the cleaning fluid to the point of use, the cleaning nozzle 7. Said means to pipe 11 cleaning fluid is particularly configured for ease of installation and reliable operation.

[0024] Said cleaning nozzle 7 is mounted within the confines of a conventional toilet bowl 12 along its longitudinal axis at the back end of the toilet bowl 12 and below the rim of said toilet bowl 12. Said cleaning nozzle 7 is positioned within a well defined area defined by horizontal tolerance ranging from 30 to 150 millimeters below the rim of said toilet bowl 12 and vertical tolerance bound by plus/minus 80 millimeters from said longitudinal center line. Said cleaning nozzle 7 is mounted within 0 to 50 millimeters of

the inner wall at the back end below the rim of said toilet bowl 12. Said nozzle is positioned in an upward angle that is defined by a projected cleaning space 13 and bound by an area created by the inside rim of said toilet bowl 12.

[0025] Said cleaning nozzle 7 creates a single diffused stream 14 of cleaning fluid directed toward said projected cleaning space 13 located within the confines of said toilet bowl 12; where, said projected cleaning space 13 is parallel to the area projected by the inside corner of the upper rim 15 of said toilet bowl 12, and said projected cleaning space 13 is centered in the rear half 27 of the toilet bowl 12 along the longitudinal center line 28 and segmented by the latitudinal center line 29 of the toilet bowl 12. Said projected cleaning space 13 is singular in any geometric shape 30 fitting within the confines of an oval 31, centered in the rear half along the longitudinal axis of any conventional toilet bowl 12, wherein said oval is bound in the rear end of the toilet bowl 12 by the toilet bowl 12 rim. The maximum width of said boundary projected cleaning space 13 oval is 150 millimeters while its maximum length is 200 millimeters.

[0026] Another variation of the said cleaning nozzle 7 is a specific cleaning cycle for the cleaning nozzle 7 itself. This

cycle is achieved by piping and depositing a disinfectant and deodorizer 16 onto the outer nozzle's surfaces 23 after every use to ensure sanitary conditions for the subsequent user. This cleaning process is achieved through the use of a parallel piping conduit 22 that terminates at the upper end of the nozzle mount in a manner that assures complete coverage of the outer nozzle's surfaces 23. The cleaning agent is located at the originating end of said conduit. A control circuit 24 automatically dispenses said cleaning agent after the nozzle is disengaged by the user. Readily commercially available toilet cleaning agents, such as DOW disinfectant bathroom cleaner, can be used as a cleaning agent for this purpose. The combination of a self-cleaning nozzle 7 and a disinfectant and deodorizer 16 will assure complete sanitary operation for every user.

- [0027] Another embodiment of said cleaning nozzle 7 is one that creates a plurality of diffusing streams of cleaning fluid toward said projected cleaning space 13 of the various preferred geometric shapes.
- [0028] A key feature of this invention is the definition of a set of process conditions for the various apparatuses. It is deemed very important to have said cleaning fluid expelled by said cleaning nozzle 7 at a specific flow rate and

specific temperature. The preferred range of said cleaning fluid flow is from 10 to 50 milliliters per second at a temperature range from 25°C to 50 °C. The specific set point of both parameters are selected and set by the user according to personal preference. The apparatus has the capability of controlling both the flow rate and the temperature within reasonable tolerance limits.

- [0029] Said cleaning fluid can consist of water only, water mixed with soap 17, water mixed with anti-bactericide 18, water mixed with anti-smelling agents 19 and any combination thereof. Those additives are added via injectors 20 in liquid form or slowly released into the cleaning water in solid form, or any other known method of adding water soluble components to said cleaning fluid.
- [0030] While the present invention is described with reference to the preferred embodiments, it is in no way the intention to limit the invention to those embodiments but rather to include all modification, alterations and equivalent possible arrangements within the scope of the appended claims.